

## **Situation Analysis Dashboard UN Network** National level – Sierra Leone

Not currently a serious problem
Requiring action

O Threshold not determined

Improving; positive trends No change

Serious problem requiring urgent action 🖕 Getting worse; negative trend

n.a. Data not available

|                   |                     | Indicator   | Status | Source     | Year | Severity              | Trend    |  |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|--------|------------|------|-----------------------|----------|--|
|                   |                     | Prevalence of stunting among children 6-59 months                       | 30%    | DHS        | 2019 |                       |          |  |
| t                 | Wasting             | GAM prevalence among children 6-59 months                               | 5%     | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| Ipa               |                     | SAM prevalence among children 6-59 months                               | 1.0%   | SMART      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | ►        |  |
| Nutritional Impa  | VAD                 | Children 6-59 months with vitamin A deficiency                          | 17.4%  | SLMS       | 2013 |                       | n.a.     |  |
| ion               | Iron deficiency     | Children 6-59 months old with iron deficiency                           | 5.2%   | SLMS       | 2013 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
| utrit             |                     | Children 6-59 months old with anaemia                                   | 68%    | DHS        | 2019 |                       |          |  |
| ž                 |                     | Women 15-49 years with anaemia  | 47%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a      |  |
|                   | IDD                 | Pregnant women 15-49 years with anaemia                                 | 56%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   | Food Security       | Households with poor or borderline food consumption (poor & borderline) | 53.4%  | CFVSA      | 2015 | $\bigcirc$            | ٠        |  |
|                   |                     | Prevalence of undernourishment  | 22.3%  | IFPRI      | 2016 |                       |          |  |
|                   |                     | Household dietary diversity scale                                       | 5.3    | SMART      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   |                     | Reduced Coping Strategy Index   | 11.96  | CSFVA      | 2015 | $\bigcirc$            | ٠        |  |
|                   | Health & Sanitation | Under 5 mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births)                    | 122    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| ses               |                     | Low birthweight   | 7.1%   | DHS        | 2013 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| Cau               |                     | Births attended by a skilled provider                                   | 87%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| bu                |                     | Women receiving any ANC from skilled provider                           | 98%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| Underlying Causes |                     | Household access to improved water source                               | 68.6%  | SMART      | 2017 |                       | n.a.     |  |
| Inde              |                     | Household access to improved sanitation facilities                      | 19.8%  | SMART      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
| <b>D</b>          | Care                | Timely initiation of breastfeeding                                      | 56.8%  | SLNNS      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
|                   |                     | Infants 0-5 months old exclusively breastfed                            | 54%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
|                   |                     | Children 6-23 months old receiving timely complementary feeding         | 55.2%  | SLNNS      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | <b>•</b> |  |
|                   |                     | Time to fetch water (households that take ≥30 min)                      | 78.3%  | SMART      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   |                     | Households washing hands after defecating                               | 96%    | SMART      | 2017 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   | Education           | Females that completed at least primary school                          | 35.2%  | DHS        | 2013 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   |                     | Women with secondary education or higher                                | 41%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| ses               | Population          | Total fertility rate per woman  | 4.2    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| Cau               | Gender              | Women age 15-19 who had begun childbearing                              | 21%    | DHS        | 2019 | $\bigcirc$            |          |  |
| Basic Causes      |                     | Women's intra-household decision-making power                           | 45.4%  | DHS        | 2013 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
| ä                 | Povertv             | GINI Index  | 35.4   | GINI Index | 2013 | $\bigcirc$            | n.a.     |  |
|                   |                     | Population living under national poverty line (2004 est.)               | 70.2%  | World Bank | 2019 | $\overline{\bigcirc}$ | <b>N</b> |  |